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The Washington Times The People's Penny Paper.

DAILY CIRCULATION: Sunday, June 17----- 20,000 Monday, June 18. Tuesday, June 19 20,341 Thursday, June 21 19,674 Sunday, June 24 20,743 Monday, June 25 20,035 Tuesday, June 26 19,831 Wednesday, June 27 Thursday, June 28...... 20,000 Friday, June 29 _____ 20,022

FOR THE PAST WEEK! Sunday, July 1 20,028 Monday, July 2...... 21,216 Tuesday, July 3...... 20,968 Wednesday, July 4. 20,674 Thursday, July 5...... 19.849 Friday, July 6 20,416

Total for second week 140,683

The above statement of the circulation of The Times is absolutely correct, and the number of papers published cach day was distributed to bona fide readers in the city of Washington and vicinity,

THE WASHINGTON TIMES COMPANY,

neglect to deliver papers promptly and in a courteous manner. The Times proposes to give subscribers satisfactory service, and complaints made to headquarters will receive prompt attention.

The Weather To-day. For the District of Columbia and Virginia, fair; continued warm southwest winds; warmer in southeast Virginia.

WR CLEVELAND'S OPPORTUNITY. Unusual though the request of Mr. Gomp-

ers and his associates of the Federation of Labor may be that President Cleveland or some personal representative of his come to Chicago and unite with them in an effort to bring the present crisis to an end, it certainly seems to be warranted by the conditions of the case. It is not at all probable, of course, that Mr. Cleveland himself will attend the conference, partly because his offlcial duties at present will not permit of it, and partly for other obvious reasons which it is not necessary to enumerate. There is, however, no reason why the President should not send some one to whom he has delegated the authority to represent his views and whose action should be understood to reflect Mr. Cleveland's wishes,

There is, on the other hand, every reason why Mr. Cleveland should to this extent comply with the request of the Federation officials. He must be presumed to be anxious for the restoration of normal social and industrial conditions. There is no ground for doubt that, with every other good citizen, he Dispatch desires to co-operate to that end. Being the prerogative and authority, clothed with extraordinary powers which be has just evereised in ordering the military and naval forces under his command to quell riot and disorder; having professed in his recent proclamations his utmost desire to see order restored he can burdly refuse to lend the weight of his station in a movement which aims at the accomplishment of peace and

AS TO CAR-FENDERS.

It is to be assumed that the amendment in the District appropriation bill conferring autherity upon the Commissioners to compel street railway companies to equip their cars with fenders was inserted at the request of Louisians avenue. The meeting was an enthese officials. They appreciate the necessity thusiastic one, and was addressed by Reprefor such life and limb saving appliances, and will no doubt make good and full use of the powers proposed to be conferred upon them. It is to be hoped, therefore, that no factious opposition will be made, either in the Senate or in the House, to this amendment.

Whenever the question of car-fenders has been mooted to the railroad companies they have pleaded as an excuse for not providing them that none exactly suiting their idea had yet been invented. Only one company, we believe, has expressed its willingness to equip its cars with any fender the Commissioners may designate. It matters not whether the fenders at present available are the very best that human ingenuity can devise. If they answer the primary purpose of preventing accidents that cost life or cripple limbs they will fill the essential condition of their appli-

oners in this matter the cable and electric curs will remain fenderless, for corporations do not, as a rule, take kindly to suggestions that involve large expenditures on their part. So long as they are not subjected to the authority of the law they are liable to do only what their convenience and selfinterest dictate.

THE B. AND O. JUGGERNAUT.

THE TIMES prints elsewhere in this issue the opinions of residents of the northeast on the suject of the B, and O, Railway Company's deadly grade crossings.

There is but one verdiet, and that is that the evil must be remedied. The present usurpation of public highways as practiced by the company is a menace to life and limb, a prevention to improvements, and an eyesore to the landscape.

Citizens of our city are obliged to wait while long trains pass, dart across with their hearts in their mouths, see their property a drug in the real estate market, and live in a locality that looks like a freight yard just because a soulless and heartless railway company can't afford to get less than 10 per cent.

As Mr. Meads says in the interview, "The natter has been talked of so much and has

been so often brought to the attention of Con roug, that there is but little left to be saidbut THE TIMES proposes to keep up the agi-

tation until something is done. Some weeks ago members of Congress were taken over the scene of the trouble in carriages, and their comments on the gravity of the situation were loud and long. But where

is the legislation that should have followed? The management operating between here and Baltimore is making money for the stockholders right and left, and it is said that large sums spent in preventing legislation would be small in comparison to the cost of properly elevating or lowering the tracks. Now it should be the especial effort of the committee n whose hands the matter rests to force the matter to an issue before Congress ad-

The legislators who are soon to leave our city could do nothing that would leave them in more grateful memory with Washingtonians than the successful completion of this legislation.

THESE THINGS WERE SAID.

Anent the present industrial unrest we quote, without comment, these public utternces of President Cleveland:

As we view the achievements of aggregated capital, we discern the existence of trusts combinations, and monopoly, while the citizen is struggling far in the rear, or is trampled to leath under its iron heel.

The gulf between employers and employed is still constantly widening, and classes are rapidly forming, one comprising the very rich and powerful, while in another are found the toiling . . .

The fortunes realized by our manufacturers are largely built upon undue exactions from

the masses of the people.

SENATOR McPHERSON complains that his wishes concerning a certain nomination were misrepresented. Probably one of the Senator's servants is now branching out into political as well as financial lines of activity.

Accounts to report five noticemen while off duty were found drinking beer in a place on M street last Sunday. If they had been Average 20,684 New York policemen they would have been drinking champagne.

THE comments of some of the English newspapers on the situation in this country are unique and amusing. Fortunately some of us get our ideas on this side of the water.

For some time, at least, the buttons on the Subscribers are earnestly requested to upper side of Gov. Tillman's mouth have come make complaints at The Times office of all into conjunction with the buttonholes on the under side. What does it mean?

It is apparent that Tammany has been grieved to the heart because Richard Welstead Croker has parted his name in the

THERE is activity in the sponge market on count of an early season in political slate

GEORGE GOULD didn't spend his time vacht racing in foreign waters when his father was

WANTED: a good advertising solicitor for the Daily White House Proclamation.

Ir is evident that Brittania really rules the

OTHER PEOPLE'S HITS.

Britannia rules the wave-for the time being.—New York Tribune.

Fear of a possible income tax should deter nobody from increasing his income.—Boston

Globe. Woman leads the world. She used smokeless powder for ages before men ever thought of adopting it.—Tit-Bits.

About the only martyrs for conscience sake that we have in modern times are our base-ball umpires.—Dallas News.

There is one good thing about the man with a trouble on his mind. He doesn't break into your office with a whistle or song.—Atchison

A Washington man has invented a new talking machine. There is no necessity for such an invention in Washington.—Chicago

The anti-cigarette movement is spreading all Missouri. Whatever you may say about our, it has no use for vile imitations of Mis - Chicago Tribune Zola fails every time when he tries to get into the French academy of immortals. He holds a high place in the French academy of immorals, though.—Somerville Journal.

If the report is true that Princess Beatrice, f England, learns all the topical songs and sings them, we have another argument for the abolition of royalty. New York Mail and

EMPIRE DEMOCRATS.

Election of Officers By the New York State Club.

The regular monthly meeting of the New York State Democratic Crub was held last evening at their headquarters, No. 631 sentatives Covert and Haines, of New York, and Williams, of Mississippi. Hon, James Covert, of the first district of

New York, was unanimously elected president for the ensuing six months. The other officers elected for the same term of office were Samuel H. Wandell, of Syracuse, first vice president; B. F. Clayton, second vice president; B. B. McDaniel, of New York City, secretary; Henry H. Hempler, New York City, treasurer, and Russell MacCarthy, of Sanger-lies, financial secretary. The committee on treasurer, and Russell MacCarthy, of Sauger-ties, financial secretary. The committee on membership were J. A. Heyward, of Buffalo; M. M. Whitney, of Cortland, N. Y., and E. N. Butts, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Hen. M. M. Whitney was elected delegate to represent the club at the demonstration of the Interstate Democratic Club at their com-ing celebration, which is to come off when the tariff bill is passed.

the tariff bill is passed.

Hon, Charles D, Haines, of the Troy district, was elected an active member, and John Sharp Williams, of the Fitth Mississippi

district, an honorary member. All present expressed confidence in the out-come of the fall elections in the states they represent, and pledged themselves to give their personal aid in the coming campaign.

SADDER BUT WISER MAIDEN.

Little Wates Repented, and Admitted She Stole Mrs. Schaffer's Gold Watch.

A gold watch is undoubtedly a most desira ble belonging, especially to a person of moderate means, but Lillie Wales, a colored servant girl employed by Dr. Schaffer, of No. 1512 O street, did not realize that to thoroughly enjoy the ownership of the article mentioned

it is necessary to obtain it honestly. As Lillie was filled rather with a desire to possess than to be honest she took from the possess than to be honest she took from the bedroom of her employer's wife Mrs. Schaf-fer's gold hunting-case watch. When Mrs. Schaffer discovered that she had been robbed she informed her husband. He telephoned to police headquarters and asked that a de-tective be sent to investigate the matter. In-spector Hollenberger detailed Detectives Weedon and Boardman, who questioned Mrs. Schaffer and Lillie and decided to take the latter in custedy.

tter in custody. When placed under arrest the girl broke when placed under arrest the girl broke down and made a full confession. She was taken to police headquarters, but later in the day Dr. Schaffer called on Maj. Moore and in-formed him that his wife had decided not to prosecute Lillie, and the complaint was with-drawn. The prisoner was released and she went on her way a sadder but wiser maiden. CLOAK ROOM AND GALLERY.

Representative Bland, of Missouri, has reurned to Washington, and was in his seat at the Capitol yesterday after an absence of the Capitol yesterday after an absence of many weeks. He has been with his son, who has been exceedingly ill with typhoid fever, but the recovery has been sufficiently rapid to insure a speedy return to health.

Mr. Bland had little to say on his favorite topic of silver—only that he should try hard to get a bill reported from the Committee on Coinage, and if he succeeds will renew his fight. Mr. Bland said he had not made any mentions are the succeeds will renew his fight.

new silver converts, because there were not left to make out in Missouri.

At the foot of Capitol Hill, on Pennsylvania venue, there is a little shop where all the spring waters of the country can be obtained. They are not of the nerated water, made-toare y are not of the scratch water, mode-to-order variety, but the natural spring water with all its freshness. Senator Vest is one of its regular patrons, and on almost any morn-ing may be seen to stop there before his as-cent of the bill. It is said be prefers sulphur cent of the till. It is said he prefers surpair water. Senator Ransom is another who quaffs with all the delight and satisfaction that some men quaff other more palatable drinks. Of the Congressional assemblage there are a perfect army, some of whom fancy themselves sick and like to doctor themselves with mineral waters after breakfest and these these themselves with mineral waters after breakfest and the said these themselves with mineral waters after breakfest and the said themselves with mineral waters after breakfest and the said themselves with mineral waters after breakfest and the said themselves with mineral waters after breakfest and the said the said themselves with mineral waters after breakfest and the said the fast, and others who like vichy and kissen

Mr. Boatner, of Louisiana, spends some of his time every day in joking, and his especial delight is to find people who don't understand a joke and try his hand on them. Yesterday he amused himself by searching out all the most conservative Congressmen he could in the House and assure them in his most serious tone of his surprise that they should lend themselves to such base uses as to intend to introduce a petition for the impeachment of the Attorney General for his attitude on the strike question. Several were tound who strike question. Several were found who took the thing most seriously, declared that they had had no such intention, and appealed In vain to Mr. Boatner to give the source of his information so that they could put the slanderer right, and then Mr. Boatner quietly winked and slid away.

Senator Perkins is very bitter in his critielsm of the Chinese treaty, which it is proposed to bring before the Senate next week and says if it could only be debated in open session it would be killed without question. With labor in its present condition in this country, he declared, it is a most dangerous course to add to the workingmen any considerable body of Chinese, such as he claims is said to be the result of this new arrangement. "What we have now," he said yesterday, "represents the work of thirty odd years, and I for one are constituted." I, for one, am opposed to undoing it at all. Why, if we could have the treaty debated in open session of the Senate for three hours, and then wait a week for the country to study into the matter before a vote were taken, flye votes could not be obtained for it."

Senator Daniel, of Virginia, at the close Senator Daniel, of the Senate, presented the credentials of Hon. Thomas S. Martin, the recently elected Senator from the Old Do-minion, who after next March is to occupy the sent now held by Senator Eppa Hunton.

statehood yesterday. The House agreed to the Senate amendments to the bill for the admission of the territory on motion of Dele-gate Rankins, who comes from the territory of sait and Mormonism. The bill will now go to the White House for the President's signa-ture, where it will receive very prompt atten-tion. The next thing is the constitutional tion. The next thing is the constitutional convention, and the territory will not get its representatives in the Senate and in Congress until the end of 1895 or the beginning of 1895. Chairman Faulkner, of the Senate Committee on Territories, is very enthusiastic over the haby state. "It will be the Pennsylvania of the great West," he said yesterday, "and it is one of the richest mineral states in our country. Polygamy is going out of fashion among the younger population, and the people are now in point of education and commercial prosperity on a par with older states. Its population is five times that of Idaho and still growing; so I do not think we need fear to it it will ever forfeit its right of equal represen-

LABOR'S LEGAL HOLIDAY.

District Workingmen to Celebrate Labor Day on a Grand Scale.

The first observance of Labor day as a national holiday by the District labor organiza tions promises to be a great success. To the action taken by the conference held at Bricklayers' Hail recently is probably due the favorable action of Congress upon the proposition to add Labor day to the list of na tional holidays, and the workingmen propos to signalize their victory by a monster parade, A second conference was held last night at

and O streets northwest, which was attended by delegates from 23 organizations, including the Ladies' Progressive Union No. 3991, and the Ludies' Progressive Union No. 3991, and there was a unanimous agreement reached as to the parade, which will be the largest display ever made here by organized labor.

M. Canty, of the Bricklayers' Union, presided, and R. C. Boilinger officiated as secretary. These gentlemen were serving in a temporary capacity only, but by resolution they were made permanent officers, and M. Spohn and O. L. Montz were unanimously elected treasurer and assistant secretary respectively.

spectively.
A resolution was adopted requesting work ingmen generally to refrain from labor on the holiday, and organizations not represented at the conference and members of the organiza-tions elsewhere who are employed in the city or District were invited to participate in the elebration.
It is confidently predicted that about 1,000

laboring men will join in the parade.

GEN. M'CAULEY'S MEMORY.

His Friends Hold a Meeting and Pass Suitable Resolutions

The friends in this city of the late Gen. Dan iel McCauley, whose death in Nicaragua was reported on Friday last, held a meeting and adopted resolutions expressive of their profound sorrow at his death and asserting their high appreciation of his noble qualities as a man, his gallantry as a soldier, his honesty

man, his gallantry as a soldier, his honesty and capability as a public official, and his fidelity to the ties of friendship.

The sympathy of those participating in the meeting was ordered to be tendered to the bereaved family with a copy of the resolutions. The meeting was held at he Ebbitt House, and was presided over by Col. Charles Denby, minister to China; ex-Attorney General Michener, of Indiana, acted as secretary. Col. Charles P. Lincoln, of this city; Gen. John C. C. Black, of Hilmois; Col. James R. O'Beirne, of New York; Major George A. Bartlett, Capt. Robert T. Jones, and Col. William Dixon were among those present. Brief eulogies upon the life and character of the deceased were pronounced by Messrs. Denby, Black, Michener, O'Beirne, and others, and it was decided to hold a memorial service at a future Michener, O'Beirne, and others, and it was decided to hold a memorial service at a future date to give more formal expression to the sorrow of those who mourn the loss of a valued

nend.

A committee was appointed, composed of lessrs. O'Beirne, Lincoln, Huxford, Bartstt, Wynne, Jones, and W. W. Dudley, to make arrangements for the meeting.

OUR OWN MAKE.

He asked her if she loved him, And would be always true. He asked her if she loved him, Because he knew she knew.

She said, "I will not tell you,"

"I've got a pull," said the cable to the grip.
"Yes, but I am the one who catches on,
was the replied. Because a man is a flathead is no sign the

Because a man is a nathead is no sign that the wheels do not go round inside.

Going away on your exception? The Times with you to any address, postage prepaid, for 35 cents a month.

ADCHON of musical instruments and trimmings Saturday at 7.30 p. m., No. 719 7th st. n. v.

SOCIAL SAYINGS AND DOINGS.

Secretary and Mrs. Carlisle left here vester day for Covington, Ky., to attend the funera

Mrs. C. C. Glover has left town for James town, B. I., to be gone until September. She was obliged to leave her beautiful country home at Tennallytown on account of the ill-ness of her son. Mr. Glover and their eldest daugnter, Miss Besaic Glover, will join them about the 1st of August.

Miss Belle Hagner, daughter of Dr. Hagner is visiting Mrs. McKim, wife of Rev. Dr. McKim, at her country place in Virginia. Miss Hagner will be one of the fair debutantes of

Rev. Dr. Alexander Mackay-Smith is spend nmer at Bar Harbor.

The Blaine family will enjoy a quiet Summer at their old home in Augusta, Mc. Mrs. Blaine and Mrs. Damrosch are there now. Mr. Damrosch, Mrs. Emmons Blaine, and Mr. and Mrs. Truxton Beale will go to Augusta

Ensign C. T. Jewell, after a visit of tw months to his parents, Commander and Mrs. T. F. Jewell, of the United States navy yard. will leave to-day for Jamestown, R. I., to visit his aunt, Mrs. D. Kindleberger, who is well known in Washington social circles.

Chief Justice Fuller and his family are a their cottage at Sorrento, on the Maine coast

Miss Rosalie Howell, of Atlanta, daughter f Editor Howell of the Atlanta Cor is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Judge Miller, at Takoma. Count Reventlow, the Danish Minister at

Washington, has gone to New York for a few

days.

A wedding of two prominent members of New York society took place on Wednesday at 4 o'clock at St. Bartholomew's Church. Emil Anthony, of Switzerland, and Miss Florence Ogden Henry were the contracting parties. Miss Louise Tyson, who was the maid of honor, is a great-granddaughter of President Tyler.

The engagement of Miss Fannie Howell, The engagement of Miss Fannie Howell, daughter of Capt. John C. Howell, of the United States navy, to First Lieut, Nevill, of the marine corps, has been rumored for some time. The marriage may take place in the Fail. Lieut, Nevill has been ordered to Cincinnati, and later will go on a three-year

Mrs. Morgan and baby have gone to their home in New Bedford for the Summer. Lieut, Morgan will join them later.

Mrs. John De Witt Warner, wife of Repre sentative Warner of New York, is seriously ill with typhoid fever at her home in this city. Judge Ivory G. Kimball and family will

leave on Monday for a month's trip in New England. Miss May Brooke, of Greenville, Miss, granddaughter of the late Senator Brooke of Mississippi, is visiting Major and Mrs. Watt in this city. Several delightful entertain-ments have been given in her honor.

Miss Belle Howell, daughter of Capt. John C. Howell, of the Navy Yard, has gone to Leesburg, Va.

Lieutenant Commander Eugene Letuze will leave on Saturday to join his wife and family at Winchindon, Mass. His son, a naval cadet, whose health has been much impatred, will accompany him. Lieutenant Leutze is the son of the celebrated artist Leutze who painted the famous picture, "We Course of Empire Takes its Way."

Mrs. Smith, wife of Paymaster Smith United States Navy, has recently returned from Colorado Springs, where she has been for her health. Later she will go to Lees

Mrs. Sara Spencer and Mr. Henry Spence will spend several weeks at Asbury Park,

Colonel Elliott and family have taken cottage on the Tenallytown road, near the

Mrs. Reeder and her two daughters will leave in a few days for Jamestown, R. I., where they have a cottage. Mrs. John T. Power, of No. 45 E stre

northwest, is spending the Summer at Woods Holl, Mass., and Portland, Me. She will return home about the middle of September.

REPUBLICANS ARE RESTIVE. They Want a Hand in Molding the Tariff

Bill in Conference. publican conferees were invited to the tariff onference, and has introduced the following resolution to secure their attendance, which will come up for consideration in the Senate

to-day:

Whereas on the third day of July, 1894, the bill H. R. 4891. "An act to reduce taxation, provide revenue for the government and for other purposes," passed the Senate with sundry amendments; and Whereas the Senate thereupon asked for a conference with the House of Representatives upon said bill and amendments, and the following Senators were appointed as managers of such conference on the part of the Senate, to wit: Senators Veorchees, Harris, Vest, Jones, Sherman, Allison, and Aldrich; and Whereas on the 7th day of July, 1894, the conference so asked for by the Senate was agreed to by the House of Representatives, and the following members of the House of Representatives were appointed as managers on the part of the conference in that body, to wit: Representatives Wilson, McMillin, Turner, Montgomery, Reed, Burrows, and Payne; and
Whereas the legitimate object of such action on the part of the two Houses was an immediate and full and free conference of all the managers of the Senate and House of Representatives together; therefore be it.

of the Senate and House of Representatives to-gether; therefore be in irran of the managers of said conference on the part of the Senate is hereby directed to inform the Senate whether a full and free conference is being beid upon the bill aforesaid and amendments, and if so, at what time such conference was called together.

Capital Notes.

The House Judiciary Committee will try to secure immediate consideration of the George

arbitration measure. Senator Faulkner, chairman of the Senate Committee on Territories, says that the committee probably would be called to meet next Wednesday to consider the bill for the admission of New Mexico and Arizona.

Senator McPherson has asked the Presi-dent to withdraw the nomination of James Parker as district attorney for New Jersey, on the ground that the appointment, though made as on his recommendation, was not asked for by him. The House Committee on Public Buildings

voted yesterday to favorably report bills for a postoffice at New Orleans to cost \$400,000; republic buildings, costing \$75,000 each, at Fitchburg, Mass.; Norfolk, Neb., and Woon-socket, R. L. and for a \$50,000 building at Mount Sterling, Kv. The Pacific Railroad Committee has finall

The Pacific Railroad Committee has finally decided to report favorably a bill to settle the indebtedness of the roads to the government, and appear to favor the Reilly bill, providing the paying off o the first mortgage and the placing of the government debt, now the second debt in that position. Crimes and Cosunities James Kelly, formerly a ward detective of the Leonard-street station, New York city, has been indicted for bribery and has fled. David H. Warfield's store at Rockville, Md., was entered by burglars Wednesday night, who secured a small sum of money and some merchandise.

At Thacker, Logan county, W. Va., Thomas Vance is dying from the effect of three bulle wounds in his entrails, inflicted by Melvin Runyon, with whom he had some trouble a

funyon, with whom he had some trouble a few days ago.

H. A. Bischoff, of Chicago, 52 years of age manager and editor of the Black Diamond, a journal devoted to the coal interests, com-mitted suicide by shooting himself through the heart at his office yesterday afternoon. No cause is known.

LIBERAL ALLOWANCE MADE

District Appropriation Bill Increased Over \$600,000 By the Senate.

INCREASES IN THE WHOLE LIST

Assessments, Fire. Police, Water, Health School and Other Departments of Our Local Government Well Cared For Street Lighting, Garbage, and Car Fenders.

The Senate has dealt generously with the District of Columbia in making the annual appropriations for the coming year. It has added in the District appropriation bill reported yesterday \$648,065 to the appropriations made in the House bill, and provides for a total of \$5,854,538,57 as against \$5,413,223.91 for the year just past. This, in view of the times, is very liberal treatment, and the Distriet has no reason for complaint at the consideration it has received at the bands of the Senate. The Commissioners in their estimates asked for \$6.966.163.16, but the approprintions are always below the Commission ers' figures.

The changes as given in the appropriations are as follows:

are as follows:

Executive office, \$1.25; plumbing board, \$1.500; and ditor's office, \$1.25; plumbing board, \$1.000; superintendent of charities, clerk, \$900; contingent expenses, \$2.000; horse hire, corner's office, \$1.50; general advertising, \$1.100; advertising taxes in arrears, \$2.000; to continue account, taxes in arrears, \$2.000; repairs, Western warket house, \$1.70; permit work, \$55.000; paving streets, \$10.000; relief sewers, \$5.000; paving and pipe sewers, \$45.000; Rock Creek intercepting sewer, \$50.000; widening Fourteenth street, \$0.000; Rock Creek intercepting \$8.000; Pirst street, extending and paving, \$15.000; Harrison street, Anacostia, paving, \$5.000; Rock Creek extending and graveling, \$9.000; Ratreet northwest, extending paving, \$5.000; Albemarie street, grading and graveling, \$9.000; macadamizing road from Broad Branch road to Chery Chase circle, \$5.000; sprinking, sweeping, and cleaning streets \$5.000; gas and electric lighting, \$15.000; bathing beach, \$1.000; public pumps, \$1.000; care of bridges, \$1.000; Aquaduct bridge repair, \$5.000; prosecting conduit near Great Falls, \$1.000; public pumps, \$1.000; care of bridges, \$1.000; Aquaduct bridge repair, \$5.000; prosecting conduit near Great Falls, \$1.000; protecting conduit near Great Falls, \$1.000; steamheating boilers, Summer school, \$1.500; steamheating boilers, Summer school, \$1.500; fire-proof stairways, Curtis, Seaton and Abbott schools, stairways, Curtis, Seaton and Abbott schools. eight-rooth school, Mt. Pleasant, \$25,000; steam-heating boilers, Summer school, \$2,500; fre-proof, \$4,500; metropolitan police, \$18,500; fre depart-ment, \$2,280; teiggraph and telephone service, \$560; health department, \$61,50; repairs, Police Court building, \$300; compilation District laws, \$6,600; emergency fund, \$25,000; transportation purpers and prisoners, \$500; support of con-victs, \$5,000; Central Dispensary, \$2,000; Colum-bia Hespital for Women, \$10,000; National Homeopathic Hospital, \$2,000; District militia, \$1,100; water department, \$1,500. Total in-creases, \$55,005.

The reductions are: Reform school for boys, \$1,710; reform school for girls, \$7,270. Total,

In the executive office there are substitu in the executive office there are substitu-tions of a stenographer and messenger at \$720 in place of a messenger at \$480, and the addition of a deputy property clerk at \$1,000 and another clerk at \$900. A deputy collec-tor is also added to the collector's force at

tor is also added to the collector's force at \$1,800 a year, and the auditor gets an additional cierk at \$1,000 and an addition of \$125 for disbursing cierk's salary.

A new item appropriates \$200 for each of the five members of the plumbers' board.

For the improvement and repair of alleys and sidewalks an assessment of \$200,000 is made, and it is provided that notice of assessment of property-holders for their share of this work is to be published for the property of the property property of the property property of the property published for the property of the published for the property published for the property published for the property of the property p two weeks in some newspaper published in Washington, with the estimated cost, and a washington, with the estimated cost, and a time and piace appointed where property-owners can appear to protest against unjust assessments. One-half of the total cost is to be assessed against abutting property, and is to become a lien upon it. Payment is to be made of this one-half, as follows: One-third within sixty days after notice of assessment, without interest; one-third within a year, and one-third within two years, interest in each case at the rate of 8 per cent from the date of rvice on all amounts unpaid at the expira-

tion of sixty days.

The service of notice where owner or tenant or agent resides in the District is to be either personal or by leaving at the residence with some person of suitable age, return to be made in writing and filed in the office of the Commissioners. Any property upon which assessments are unfair is to be liable to sale at expiration of two years from date of service, under same conditions as required for non-payment of general taxes. Property owners who desire improvements under the permit system are to deposit in advance with the collector one-half of estimated cost with the collector of taxes. Upon the completion of work done, the Commissioners shall repay out of the permit fund a sum equal to one-half of the cost of the work done and return nail of the cost of the work done and return to depositors, as application may be made, any surplus over and above one-half of cost. All sums received under this provision by collectors shall be credited to the appropria-tion for assessment and permit work for the fiscal year in which they are collected. The

cost of service connections with water mains and sewers are to be collected in the same manner as assessment work.

The increase for paving is divided as follows: Georgetown, from \$3,500 to \$17,000; northwest section, from \$38,000 to \$76,000; northwest section, from \$38,000 to \$76,000; southeast district, from \$19,000 to \$38,000, and southwest section, from \$13,000 to \$26,-000; Northeast, from \$21,000 to \$42,000. In each case the appropriation is doubled. The Rock Creek sewer may be continued across lands of the United States where neces-

across lands of the United States where necessary, and the Commissioners are authorized to continue the construction from time to time as appropriation may be made.

The District Commissioners are authorized to require railways propelled by electricity or cable to provide their cars with suitable lenders for the protection of life and limb.

For street lighting the provisions of the bill require that payment shall not be in excess of \$21.50 per annum a lamp for gas or oil, and no lamp shall burn less than 3,000 hours a year. The gas company is directed to equipeach lamp with a self-regulating burner, so adjusted as to consume six cubic feet of gas an hour. Electric lights are to cost not to exceed 50 cents a night from sunset to sunrise.

The receiving reservoir to be completed in the coming fiscal year gets an appropriation

of \$9 000. of \$2,000.

The police department is increased 10 privates to 240, at \$900, and 180 at \$1,080. An additional patrol wagon is allowed. The fire department gets a new engine house in the

northeast.

Changes in the health department provide an assistant chemist at \$600. The Commissioners are authorized to enter into a contract for collection of garbage daily from May 1, to November 1, twice a week from November I to May I, for a gross sum of \$60,000. The ordinances of the late board of health are to have the same effect as if enacted by Congress.

The Commissioners are placed in complet

The Commissioners are placed in complete control of the reform school. The charity funds for the different asylums are: St. John's parish orphanage, \$1,000; German Orphan Asylum, \$1,800; National Association for Destitute Colored Women, \$9,900; St. Ann's Infant Asylum, \$5,400; St. Joseph's Asylum, \$1,800; Association for Works of Merey, \$1,800; Home of Good Shepherd, \$2,700; Industrial Home School, \$9,900; St. Rose's Industrial School, \$4,500; board of children's guardians, \$13,150.

The District militia receives \$7,000 for the expenses of an instruction camp, and for fille matches, \$1,800.

The water department also receives an additional sum for payment of interest on account of increase of the water supply.

Local Brevities. Thirty fourth-class postmasters were appointed yesterday.

E. I. Kennedy and Prof. O. L. Kennedy were thrown out of a buggy yesterday and injured.

Commissioner Pugh, of the Treasury De-partment, will act as chief of the Coast and Geodetic Survey during Prof. Mendenhall's

Mational bank notes received to-day for redemption, \$212,111. Government receipts: From internal revenue, \$1,233,781.15 cuts po with you to any address, postage prepaid, for toms, \$333,971.28; miscellaneous, \$80,100.02.

PYTHIANS' PREPARATIONS.

bommittees Busy Making Arrange

The several committees of the local Knights of Pythias are diligently at work perfecting arrangements for receiving the great crowds that are expected at the coming national convention. The committee on public comfort reports that as many as 150,000 strangers are reports that as many as 150,000 strangers are expected in the city during the convention, and where to put them is the problem the committee propose to solve successfully. The entiroad rates have been settled, and will be one fare for the round trip from all points in the United States. Numerous inquiriess are being directed to the local committees. As fast as the strangers come into the city they will be assigned to quarters. A few days before the convention the public comfort committee will have offices at the various railroad stations to take care of all incoming Knights.

FREE COAL AND IRON RUMOR

Story to That Effect Going the Rounds After Conference Meeting.

IT IS DENIED BY TWO MEMBERS

Another Story That the Louisiana Senator Threaten to Oppose the Bill if the Sugar Schedule Is Tampered With-Progress Made in the Lesser Schedules.

There was more interest manifested yester day among Senators and members of the House not members of the turiff conference committee than on any previous day since the conference of the Democratic members o the committee began, and the air about both the Senate and the House was full of rumors as to what had been done. Many of these stories were considered sufficiently well founded to justify Senators and members in discussing them as accomplished facts.

The most persistent of these rumors was that coal and iron ore were to be restored to the free list as they were when the bill passed the House. A thorough investigation re-vealed the fact that this story grew out of conversation between members of the committee and Senators and Representatives not connected with it, and while it had not been stated in these conversations that the committee had agreed upon these changes, the outside members were given to understand that this was the programme and that it was to be put into execution by the joint efforts of the House conferces and two of the Senate managers of the conference. The members of the committee spoken to upon the subject after the adjournment of the committee de-clared that no action had as yet been taken upon these two items, and they went so far as to declare that they had not even been dis-

They made the same denial of anothstory which was current to the effect that changes had been decided upon in the sugar schedule. This, like the coal and iron ore rumor, gained persistent circulation, and it was sufficiently material to gain the attention of the Louisiana Senators and cause them to declare themselves very openly in opposition to any lowering of sugar duties, and to go so far as to indicate a determination to oppose the bill when it is returned to the Senate if it should be found that the rates had been changed to the material injury of this indus-

try. Senator Pugh, who has taken an active in terest in the duty on coal and iron, admitted that he had heard the report, and he seemed to place credence in it. He was not reased with the outlook, and did not hesitate to dewith the outlook, and did not hesitate to de-clare that if such a report should be made it would not be accepted by the Senate, and de-clared that the committee would very soon receive instructions to renew the conference. When the conferees adjourned at 5.30 o'clock it was learned positively from con-ferees of both the Senate and House that no agreement had yet been reached on iron, coal,

sugar. The ngar. The persistent report in circula during the afternoon that coal and iron tion during the atternoon that coal and from had gone back on the free list was spe-cifically denied by two members of the com-mittee. It was stated that the progress was on the lesser schedules, and that while the important items had been fully discussed there was a disposition to let them alone, as no common ground had yet presented itself.

PRESIDENT WARNER RESIGNS. John lov Edson Elected to Succeed Him as Head of the Washington Loan

and Trust Company. The resignation of President B. H. Warner of the Washington Loan and Trust Company was accepted yesterday by the board of directors. President Warner retires from the position for lack of time to devote to the duties such attention as the importance of the institution and its interests demand. Mr. Warner will continue with the company in the capacity of director and as a member of the executive committee, but feels that his duty to himself and his various other pursuits require his relinquishment of the executive office.

tive office.

After accepting Mr. Warner's resignation the board elected John Joy Edson, the first vice-president, as his successor. Mr. Edson's close relations with numerous financial enterprises, in which he has had marked success, renders his selection as president of the institution over which he will now preside an exceptionally happy one. He has been for their veers actively encared in the various thirty years actively engaged in the various financial circles of the city, and he is in ad-dition a man of great public spirit, ever ready to lend his aid for the advancement of the in-

to lend his aid for the advancement of the in-terests of the community.

Before adjourning the board adopted reso-lutions in which the members expressed their high appreciation of the great and varied abilities, the courage and zeal of the retiring president, reciting that the company, of which he was the founder, is a monument to his financial ability and industry and an enduring witness of the confidence reject in him by the community in which his busi-ness life has been spent.

SENATE WORKING NOW.

Two More Appropriation Bills Passed Yes terday and Another Considered.

The appropriation bills are fast being con sidered, and at the present rate of progress it is probable that next week will see them dis posed of. Two more important bills were passed vesterday, the army and the fortifications bills while some progress was made on the river and harbor bill. The only interesting discussions of the day occurred during the consideration of the army bill.

Several bills of minor importance were passed and conferees were appointed on the Military Academy and diplomatic and consu-lar appropriation bills.

Mintary Academy and diplomatic and consular appropriation bills.

On the army bill there was considerable discussion on the advisability of making appointments to the adjutant general's, inspector general's, and subsistence departments of the army from civil life other than the line of the army. Senator Mills finally offered an amendment to that effect, which was accepted.

Senators Brice, Call and Teller were appointed conferees on the Milliary Academy appropriation bill, and Senators Blackburn, Brice and Hale conferees on the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill.

The discussion on the fortifications and river and harbor bills was uneventful. At the close of the day Senator Daniel presented the credentials of Mr. Thomas S. Martin, the Senator-elect from Virginia.

night at a largely attended meeting of citizens neld at Plasterers' hall, corner of Fourand-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue The meeting evidenced an intention to do active business from start to finish. It was

ALL FOR DISTRICT SUFFRAGE

Representative Citizens Unanimously

Demand Local Franchise.

STRONG EFFORT WILL BE MADE

An Appeal to the Country Will Be Issued

That Congressmen Be Instructed to Vote

For the Reform-Various Committees Ap-

District suffrage was given the impetus last

pointed to Forward the Good Work.

composed of thoughtful, earnest, practical men, with the addition of a representative of the gentler sex in the person of Mrs. J. L. Monroe as an emphatic reminder that in the effort to obtain the voting privilege, the word "universal" shall not be lost sight of. Milford Spohn presided, and upon taking the chair announced the purpose of the meeting in a vigorous way that inspired his audience with enthusiasm and eheited hearty applause. He said it was a cause for congratulation that so many of the residents of the District were willing to bring to the attention of Congress and the country the justice of giving the people the right of elective franchise and of self-government. "Nowhere else in the Republic," said he, "are the people compelled to be subject to a power over which they have no control. The President of the United States is our Czar, so to speak, and we are under a hybrid government that partakes of the principles that actuated the triumvirate of Rome, a government that has no single particle of the principles of republicanism. Official patronage is denied, and the District is made a political garbage dumping ground, and used for rewarding political henchmen for questionable political service in the states. Politicians are imported to become our masters. For this reason an appeal can be made that will eventually command the attention of Congress, the District's board of aldermen, and compel a restoration of the right of seif-covernment." cheited hearty applause. He said it was a and compel a restoration of the right of seif

At the conclusion of the chairman's ad-At the conclusion of the chairman's ad-dress the report of the committee appointed at a previous meeting to formulate a plan of action was read by the secretary. A provisional committee was recommended to take charge until the organization of the

to take charge until the organization of the central committee. The committee suggested that while awaken ing and creating local sentiment in behalf of suffrage, it will be necessary also to bring the subject to the attention of Congress. As

subject to the attention of Congress. As opposition to the movement in the District is likely to come principally from those who practically dictaisolocal legislation, and who will continue such dictatorial power as long as the people have no voice in the government of the District, it is recommended that immediately upon the formation of the provisional committee communication be opened with District Assembly No. 88, K. of L., the Federation of Labor, and the Farmers' Alliance. ie Farmers' Alliance. Also that a circular be addressed to the

chairman of every Congressional convention to be yet held in each state to secure a pledge

to be yet need in each state to secure a pieces of the nominee or other form of indorsement. The committee says "the majority of the residents of the national capital are not less patriotic nor less intelligent than the rest of their countrymen, and that they will join in a demand for those political privileges which belong to and partase of a "government for the people and by the people." This report was signed by M. Spohn. W. H. G. Simmons, L. P. Wild, F. L. Siddons, William McCabe, and W. L. Dewart. It was

placed before the meeting and by unanimous

William McCabe, and W. L. Dewart. It was placed before the meeting and by unanimous vote adopted.

Debate was participated in by E. W. Oyster, William McCabe, W. L. Dewart, F. L. Siddons, E. J. Rea, C. B. Hemingway, R. S. Tharin, A. E. Redstone, James S. Cowden, and others on the perfection of details.

The chairman of the meeting also added a word, humorously explaining that he favored giving the right of suffrage to every man "whether he wears pants or not." This ailusion to female suffrage caught the crowd, and was given a round of applause.

It was decided that as many subdivisions as were represented should furnish the names of residents for appointment upon the provisional committee, and the following persons, representative of 14 of the 22 districts, were appointed, viz.: R. B. Parkman, Thomas Foley, J. F. Minor, E. W. Oyster, R. L. Smallwood, M. Spohn, James Seiden Cowden, R. S. Thario, William Stickles, J. A. Bowen, E. J. Rea, George O. Cooke, F. L. Siddons, S. H. Bell, Charles Wells, Paul T. Bowen, E. J. Rea, George O. Cooke, F. I. Siddons, S. H. Bell, Charles Wells, Paul T. Bowen, L. P. Wild, L. R. Boise, O. P. Ayers, E. J. Dalken, Wm. Seweil, E. A. Balser, Philip Hemlock, Joseph Potter, C. B. Hemingway, T. B. O'Day, William McCabe, E. H. Loughran, Mrs. J. L. Mooree, F. E. Jones, Frank Burns, Michael I. Weller, Jos. Steinem, A. M. Cooke.

The chairman was empowered to Increase

The chairman was empowered to increase The chairman was empowered to increase the committee to sixty-six members.

The committee will hold a meeting on Tuesday evening, July 24, at the same hall, when arrangements will be completed for future operations. Mass meetings are to be held in every subdivision, and an active campaign conducted that will "keep the pot boiling" in the language of an enthusiast, and arouse and keep sentiment alive until the object for which the movement was begun is accommission.

which the movement was begun is accom-

Opens the Alabama Campaign. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., July 12.—Senator Morgan opened the Alabama campaign at Fort Payne to-day in a two and a half hour Fort Payne to-day in a two and a half hour speech before 2,000 people, He began by alluding to the position of the South at this time so peaceful and quiet while a large portion of the country was almost in insurrection against the government. He paid a high tribute to President Cleveland and said that the Democratic party would receive a lasting benefit from his prompt action in sending troops to put down the lawlessness.

A committee appointed for the purpose by the Secretary of the Treasury yesterday began the inventory of all counterfeit paper money, coin, dies and plates captured by the agents of the secret service during the last 18 months. As soon as counted the entire lot, which will probably amount to \$5,000,000, will be destroyed by fire or maceration.

the naval testing grounds at Indian Head, Chief Sampson, of the Ordnance Bureau, and members of the Carnegle Company were present. The test proved a failure. Speaker Crisp Renominated Speaker Crisp was renominated for Congress to-day by the Democrats of Hawkins-

A Wheeler projectile passed through a 17-

uch harveyized Carnegie plate yesterday in

ville. Resolutions indorsing President Cleve land were adopted. Sad if True. Mary Murphy reported at police headquarers that some one entered her house yester-

day and took therefrom \$15, a silver watch and a pair of gold eye-glasses. Withering Sarcasm. [From the Intianapolis Journal] "What do you make a week?" asked the

urious visitor. "Seven dollars," answered the ossifled

"On the dead, now?"
"That's right. Seven bones."
"You're workin' too cheap. You can git
more than that o. the Indianapolis ball